

Global
Health
Security
Agenda

Private
Sector
Roundtable

Global Health Security Agenda
Private Sector Roundtable
mobilizing industry for action

PSRT Objectives

The **mission** of the Private Sector Roundtable is to **mobilize industry** to help countries **prevent, detect and respond** to health-related crises, and **strengthen systems for health security**.

Foster relationships with governments and other key stakeholders seeking to advance the goals of the GHSA and SDGs

Engage companies across a broad array of industry sectors, such as health care, communications, energy and extraction, finance, technology, transportation, logistics, food & beverage and insurance, around health security

Generate private sector insights and utilize resources to address specific health and development risks and vulnerabilities

PSRT Priorities

The PSRT aims to establish priorities that have consensus support from membership and align with the GHSA Action Packages, and encourages and supports members to engage in other GHSA activities. The following working groups represent current focus areas.



Supply Chain and Logistics | connect with the *Pandemic Supply Chain Network*, a multisector initiative to create and sustain a global supply network to address public health emergencies of international concern with necessary products and equipment, through common members to find synergies between the two initiatives.



Policy Development & Advocacy | work to understand policies and priorities of GHSA countries to inform policy and external engagement strategies to advance the GHSA, and support communications efforts around cross-sectoral collaboration, including the private sector, for global health security.



Workforce Development | support country workforce development strategies, including but not limited to health care worker shortages, retention, safety and competence, as part of efforts to both ensure preparedness and long term health systems strengthening.



Partnerships | cultivate programmatic partnerships with GHSA stakeholders, including governments and multilateral organizations like the WHO, the World Bank, chambers of commerce and others, to advance shared health security goals, and work to develop frameworks to facilitate cross-sectoral partnerships.



Technology and Analytics | support country and global surveillance and laboratory systems to detect outbreaks, analyze epidemiological trends and predict spread of diseases.

Current & Pipeline Projects

Some of our most exciting projects are summarized below, including our most developed and effective efforts and those which are still in initial phases.

JEE online platform

Catalog of private sector solutions by GHSA Action Package

PSRT position paper

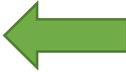
Preparedness around large-scale, athletic events

Pilot country JEE partnership

Corporate global health services project

People's Republic of Bangladesh Scores

Capacities	Indicators	Score
National Legislation, Policy and Financing	P.1.1 Legislation, laws, regulations, administrative requirements, policies or other government instruments in place are sufficient for implementation of IHR.	3
	P.1.2 The state can demonstrate that it has adjusted and aligned its domestic legislation, policies and administrative arrangements to enable compliance with the IHR (2005)	3
IHR Coordination, Communication and Advocacy	P.2.1 A functional mechanism is established for the coordination and integration of relevant sectors in the implementation of IHR.	3
Antimicrobial Resistance	P.3.1 Antimicrobial resistance (AMR) detection	2
	P.3.2 Surveillance of infections caused by AMR pathogens	2
	P.3.3 Healthcare associated infection (HCAI) prevention and control programmes	2
	P.3.4 Antimicrobial stewardship activities	2
	P.4.1 Surveillance systems in place for priority zoonotic diseases/pathogens	3



Assessment Type: JEE Capacities: Antimicrobial Res...

Capacity Summary

Country: [Dropdown] Assessment Type: [Dropdown] Capacities: [Dropdown] Metric: [Dropdown]

Average Score

Country	Capacities	Metric	Avg Score
Bangladesh			2.00
Antimicrobial Resistance			2.00
P.3.1 Antimicrobial resistance (AMR) detection			2.00
P.3.2 Surveillance of infections caused by AMR pathogens			2.00
P.3.3 Healthcare associated infection (HCAI) prevention and control programs			2.00
P.3.4 Antimicrobial stewardship activities			2.00
Ethiopia			2.25
Antimicrobial Resistance			2.25
P.3.1 Antimicrobial resistance (AMR) detection			3.00
P.3.2 Surveillance of infections caused by AMR pathogens			2.00
P.3.3 Healthcare associated infection (HCAI) prevention and control programs			2.00
P.3.4 Antimicrobial stewardship activities			2.00
Liberia			1.25
Antimicrobial Resistance			1.25
P.3.1 Antimicrobial resistance (AMR) detection			1.00
P.3.2 Surveillance of infections caused by AMR pathogens			1.00



Opportunities for Collaboration

The PSRT sees great opportunity for further collaboration with the GHSA countries where our expertise and resources can be deployed.

We look to the GHSA stakeholders for continued insights and guidance on how the PSRT members can be most helpful toward achieving their goals.

GHSA stakeholders can:

- ✓ Propose a country to pilot PSRT/private sector support post-JEE
- ✓ Involve the PSRT in the JEE process
- ✓ Suggest specific areas in which the private sector is uniquely positioned to offer support
- ✓ Make connections to the local private sector

What are other ways the PSRT can offer support?

Thank you!